

LAGOS STATE UNIVERSAL BASIC EDUCATION BOARD
2ND TERM UNIFIED EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019
PRIMARY FIVE

NAME OF SCHOOL: _____

PUPIL'S NAME: _____

CLASS: PRIMARY FIVE

SUBJECT: GENERAL PAPER

DURATION: 1½ HOURS

SOCIAL STUDIES

INSTRUCTION: Answer the following questions.

- It is the duty of the _____ to provide the needs of the Children.
 (a) uncle (b) grandparent (c) aunts (d) parents
- The inability to accept other people's religion is known as _____.
 (a) religious practice (b) religious intolerance (c) religious belief (d) religious group
- Which of these is a modern way of saving money?
 (a) Dug hole (b) under the bed (c) pot (d) bank
- Unity means _____.
 (a) acceptance (b) disagreement (c) honest (d) oneness
- Diversity is said to be _____.
 (a) someness (b) difference (c) greatness (d) cooperation
- All of the following are electronic communication devices except _____.
 (a) internet (b) radio (c) gong (d) mobile phone
- National consciousness involves the following except _____.
 (a) terrorism (b) patriotism (c) loyalty (d) obedience
- The right to express one's mind in public is known as _____.
 (a) freedom of vocal (b) freedom of love (c) freedom of game (d) freedom of speech
- Child's right law include the right to _____.
 (a) flog (b) hawk (c) education (d) truancy
- The three main languages in Nigeria are _____ and _____.
 (a) Igbo, Hausa and Efik (b) Igbo, Hausa and Yoruba (c) Yoruba, Nupe and Ijaw
 (d) Calabar, Igbo and Benin
- Putting money aside for future use can be referred to as _____.
 (a) expenditure (b) security (c) saving (d) income

12. The national symbol of Nigeria is
(a) ATM card (b) National flag (c) Paper Card (d) War card
13. All these are causes of marriage failure except
(a) poverty (b) infertility (c) extra marital affair (d) love
14. All these are problems of unemployment except
(a) Immorality (b) peace (c) armed robbery (d) street begging
15. The money used to set up a business is known as
(a) levy (b) donation (c) funds (d) capital
16. A marriage performed according to the customs of the people is called _____ marriage
(a) Court (b) Christian (c) traditional (d) Muslim
17. The total number of people living in a geographical area is known as _____
(a) population (b) close mark (c) counting (d) adding
18. HIV means _____ (a) Human Immune Version (b) Human Immune
Virus (c) Human in Value (d) Human International Verses
19. Intolerance is one of the problems of religion.
(a) false (b) true (c) a and b (d) None
20. The bank responsible for given of loan to people is known as
(a) Central bank (b) World bank (c) Fashola bank (d) Commercial bank

CULTURAL AND CREATIVE ARTS

1. Modelling with paper pulp is also known as _____
(a) collage (b) papier mache (c) modelling (d) art
2. Basic material needed for modelling with paper pulp is _____
(a) dye stuff (b) stove (c) old newspaper (d) toilet roll
3. Why is it necessary to cut the papers into smaller bits before soaking in water?
(a) To absorb faster (b) To enter the container
(c) For easy pounding (d) To have more paper to use.
4. Eyo masquerades are commonly seen during special occasions in _____
(a) Lagos State (b) Oyo State (c) Ondo State (d) Abia State
5. Ekpe mask is popular among the people of _____
(a) Lagos State (b) Kaduna (c) Benue State (d) Sokoto State
6. A popular fishing festival in Kebbi is known as _____
(a) Argungu (b) Epe (c) Lagoon fishing (d) Oceanic fishing
7. Dancing, food, language and dressing are aspects of _____
(a) drawing (b) bond art (c) language art (d) cultural art

8. A type of drama that makes people laugh is called _____.
 (a) Musical (b) comedy (c) drama (d) tragedy
9. The main occupation of the people in a riverine area is _____.
 (a) pottery (b) weaving (c) fishing (d) moulding
10. Music is a combination of _____ pleasant to the ear.
 (a) poem (b) sound (c) drama (d) poet
11. The person who delivers the king's message to the villagers is called _____.
 (a) Chief (b) Priest (c) town crier (d) Kings
12. _____ is used to beautify the body.
 (a) Beads (b) Soap (c) Food (d) Rope
13. Art works can be made more beautiful through _____.
 (a) sieving (b) breaking (c) buying (d) painting
14. Example of musical instrument is _____.
 (a) wool (b) guitar (c) ball (d) stove
15. The followings are the examples of traditional dresses excepts one _____.
 (a) Buba and sokoto (b) Buba and Iro (c) Trousers and Shirt (d) Agbada, Buba and Sokoto
16. Demonstrative body movements to rhythm of music is called _____.
 (a) dancing (b) moving (c) rolling (d) jumping
17. Picture making by stitching pieces of hard objects of bright colours to a wet background is known as _____.
 (a) mosaic (b) painting (c) drawing (d) tailoring
18. Traditional embroidery is done by _____.
 (a) machine (b) loom (c) stitching (d) hand
19. The town where Calabash carving is most popular is _____.
 (a) Abeokuta (b) Oyo (c) Eko (d) Ibadan
20. Art materials must be kept neatly _____.
 (a) anywhere (b) in a dirty place (c) in a provided place (d) in a closed place

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS STUDIES

1. Who created heaven and earth?
 (a) God (b) Jesus (c) Adam (d) devil
2. God's creations are for _____ interest.
 (a) Devil (b) God (c) family (d) man
3. What did Abraham sacrifice instead of Isaac?
 (a) Chicken (b) Cap (c) Ram (d) Cow
4. Daniel was thrown in the _____.
 (a) den of lions (b) den of cow (c) den of man (d) den of joy

5. The Bible says that there is no food for a _____ man.
(a) giant (b) hardworking (c) lazy (d) obedient
6. God created man in his own _____
(a) stature (b) image (c) Power (d) Sense
7. God rested on the _____ day.
(a) seventh (b) sixth (c) fourth (d) first
8. Jesus said "Ask and it shall be _____ to you"
(a) package (b) replace (c) given (d) open
9. The Holy Spirit guides us to the _____
(a) truth (b) sin (c) bold (d) save
10. Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego were thrown into _____
(a) lion's den (b) burning furnace (c) prison (d) office
11. All these are types of good work except _____
(a) carpentry (b) sewing (c) engineering (d) gambling
12. Which of these does not attract a punishment?
(a) Laziness (b) Helping those in need (c) Stealing (d) Cheating
13. God expects us to be _____
(a) lazy (b) fighting (c) hardworking (d) stealing
14. Who provides for all our needs?
(a) Angel (b) Prophet (c) Parent (d) God
15. We should love our enemies and _____ for them.
(a) clap (b) pray (c) fight (d) curse
16. The Holy Spirit is also called _____
(a) The comforter (b) the fighter (c) Holy man (d) The disciple
17. The Holy Spirit makes us to _____ one another.
(a) blame (b) judge (c) see (d) love
18. The Holy Spirit fell on the apostle on the day of _____
(a) power (b) Pentecost (c) praise (d) pray
19. Jesus was baptized in the river _____
(a) Benue (b) Nile (c) Niger (d) Jordan
20. The _____ followed the stars to where Christ was born.
(a) disciples (b) shepherd (c) wise men (d) King Herod

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS STUDIES

1. Asmahullahil husna means _____
(a) beautiful names of prophets (b) beautiful names of man
(c) beautiful names of Allah (d) beautiful names of Angels

2. Tawhid teaches _____
(a) monotheism (b) polytheism (c) kufr (d) disobedience
3. Resurrection and _____ come after death.
(a) creation (b) cross breeding (c) judgment (d) eating
4. Suratul Lukman is Chapter _____ of the Holy Quran.
(a) 37 (b) 31 (c) 39 (d) 35
5. Another name for yaumul-qiyaamah is
(a) yaumul hisaab (b) yaomuila (c) yaumul Jumaah (d) yaumul maolid
6. Al-Hakam means
(a) The merciful (b) The Honest (c) The Judge (d) The King
7. There will be pleasures in paradise and _____ in hell fire.
(a) praises (b) enjoyment (c) joy (d) punishment
8. Intoxicants is _____ in Islam.
(a) forbidden (b) allowed (c) loved (d) permitted
9. _____ married to Fatimah, the beloved daughter of prophet Muhammed (SAW)
(a) Umar (b) Uthman (c) Abubakre (d) Ali
10. The four guided successors of the prophet were called
(a) Shaykh (b) Ufaman (c) Caliph (d) Ustaz
11. _____ was among the pious women mentioned in the Holy Quran.
(a) Fatimah (b) Mariam (c) Sckinah (d) Ruqoyyah
12. Who among the following women disobey his husband?
(a) Aishat (b) Prophet Ibrahim's wife
(c) Prophet Lut's wife (d) Prophet Yaqab's Wife
13. Ritual bath is known as _____ in Islam.
(a) ghuslu (b) Wudu (c) Tayamum (d) Tahara
14. The Honourer is Allah's name transliterated as
(a) Al-Ghaffar (b) Al-Muiz (c) Allahu (d) Al-Fatau
15. Salatul Jumah replaced Salatul _____
(a) Cap (b) Ishai (c) Maghrib (d) Suhr
16. The most beautiful names belong to _____
(a) prophets (b) man (c) Allah (d) Angels
17. Who among the Caliph nicknamed as "Asside"
(a) Abubakre (b) Ali (c) Umar (d) Uthman
18. There are _____ beautiful names of Allah in ayatul Kursiyy?
(a) Two (b) three (c) four (d) five
19. Bath taking by new convert to Islam is called
(a) ghuslu janaba (b) ghuslu dukhulul Islam (c) ghuslu haydoh (d) ghuslu nifas
20. Which of the following is compulsory part to be washed during ablution?
(a) face (b) mouth (c) nose (d) hands